

# Oracle Database 12c: Analytic SQL for Data Warehousing

**Duration: 2 Days** 

What you will learn

This Oracle Database 12c: Analytic SQL for Data Warehousing training teaches you how to interpret the concept of a hierarchical query, create a tree-structured report, format hierarchical data and exclude branches from the tree structure. You'll also learn to use regular expressions and sub-expressions to search for, match, and replace strings. In this course, you will be introduced to Oracle Business Intelligence Cloud Service.

Learn To:

Use SQL with aggregation operators, SQL for Analysis and Reporting functions.

Group and aggregate data using the ROLLUP and CUBE operators, the GROUPING function, Composite Columns and the concatenated Groupings.

Analyze and report data using Ranking functions, the LAG/LEAD Functions and the PIVOT and UNPIVOT clauses.

Perform advanced pattern matching.

Use regular expressions to search for, match and replace strings.

Gain an understanding of the Oracle Business Intelligence Cloud Service.

### Benefits to You

Enrolling in this course will help data warehouse builders and implementers, database administrators, system administrators and database application developers to better design, maintain and use data warehouses. Through working with expert Oracle University instructors in a hands-on classroom environment, you'll deepen your knowledge so you can perform better on the job.

Before Attending this Course

Before attending this course, you should be familiar with the following: relational database concepts, data warehouse theory and implementation, Oracle server concepts )including application and server tuning) and the operating system environment on which the Oracle Database Server is running. You'll use Oracle SQL Developer to develop program units. SQL\*Plus is introduced as an optional tool.

**Related Training** 

Required Prerequisites

Familiarity with SQL

Data Warehouse design, implementation, and maintenance experience Familiarity with Oracle SQL Developer and SQL\*Plus Good working knowledge of the SQL language Oracle Database 11g: Data Warehousing Fundamentals Suggested Prerequisites Conceptual experience designing data warehouses Good understanding of relational technology Oracle Database 11g: Administer a Data Warehouse Oracle Database 12c: Introduction for Experienced SQL Users Practical experience implementing data warehouses Using Java - for PL/SQL and Database Developers **Course Objectives** Group and aggregate data using the ROLLUP and CUBE operators Analyze and report data using Ranking LAG/LEAD and FIRST/LAST functions Use the MODEL clause to create a multidimensional array from query results Use Analytic SQL to aggregation Analyze and Reporting and Model Data Interpret the concept of a hierarchical query create a tree-structured report

format hierarchical data

and exclude branches from the tree structure

Gain an understanding of the Oracle Business Intelligence Cloud Service

Use regular expressions to search for

match

and replace strings

Perform pattern matching using the MATCH\_RECOGNIZE clause

### **Course Topics**

#### Introduction

Course Objectives, Course Agenda and Class Account Information Describe the Schemas and Appendices used in the Lesson Overview of SQL\*Plus Environment Overview of SQL Developer Overview of Analytic SQL Oracle Database SQL and Data Warehousing Documentation

## **Grouping and Aggregating Data Using SQL**

Generating Reports by Grouping Related Data
Review of Group Functions
Reviewing GROUP BY and HAVING Clause
Using the ROLLUP and CUBE Operators
Using the GROUPING Function
Working with GROUPING SET Operators and Composite Columns
Using Concatenated Groupings with Example

#### **Hierarchical Retrieval**

Using Hierarchical Queries Sample Data from the EMPLOYEES Table Natural Tree Structure

Hierarchical Queries: Syntax

Walking the Tree: Specifying the Starting Point

Walking the Tree: Specifying the Direction of the Query

Using the WITH Clause

Hierarchical Query Example: Using the CONNECT BY Clause

### **Working with Regular Expressions**

Introducing Regular Expressions

Using the Regular Expressions Functions and Conditions in SQL and PL/SQL

**Introducing Metacharacters** 

Using Metacharacters with Regular Expressions

Regular Expressions Functions and Conditions: Syntax

Performing a Basic Search Using the REGEXP LIKE Condition

Finding Patterns Using the REGEXP\_INSTR Function

Extracting Substrings Using the REGEXP\_SUBSTR Function

### Analyzing and Reporting Data Using SQL

Overview of SQL for Analysis and Reporting Functions Using Analytic Functions Using the Ranking Functions

Using Reporting Functions

# **Performing Pivoting and Unpivoting Operations**

Performing Pivoting Operations

Using the PIVOT and UNPIVOT Clauses

Pivoting on the QUARTER Column: Conceptual Example

**Performing Unpivoting Operations** 

Using the UNPIVOT Clause Columns in an UNPIVOT Operation

Creating a New Pivot Table: Example

### Pattern Matching using SQL

**Row Pattern Navigation Operations** 

Handling Empty Matches or Unmatched Rows

Excluding Portions of the Pattern from the Output

**Expressing All Permutations** 

Rules and Restrictions in Pattern Matching

**Examples of Pattern Matching** 

### **Modeling Data Using SQL**

Using the MODEL clause

Demonstrating Cell and Range References

Using the CV Function

Using FOR Construct with IN List Operator, incremental values and Subqueries

Using Analytic Functions in the SQL MODEL Clause

Distinguishing Missing Cells from NULLs

Using the UPDATE, UPSERT and UPSERT ALL Options

Reference Models

#### **Oracle Business Intelligence Cloud Service Overview**

Oracle BI Cloud Service

Introducing Oracle Business Intelligence Cloud Service

Guidance Through Exploratory Analysis & Deep Discovery through Rich Feature Set

BICS Can Integrate Any Data Source Quickly

BICS Makes Any Time The Right Time For New Insights

Speed, Flexibility and Economy of Cloud

Immediate Access to New Functionality

Enterprise-Grade Service Reliability