

Oracle Database: PL/SQL Fundamentals Ed 2

Duration: 2 Days

What you will learn

The Oracle Database: PL/SQL Fundamentals Ed 2 course introduces students to the PL/SQL programming language. In the class, students learn to create PL/SQL blocks of application code.

Learn To:

Use various features of PL/SQL. Write anonymous blocks of code in PL/SQL. Use various PL/SQL conditional constructs and loops in program blocks. Interface the PL/SQL code with the database. Use stored procedures and functions in their program blocks. Handle Exceptions in PL/SQL code.

Benefits To You

Students will benefit from this course as it enables programmers with the skill of using this programming language. In the class students will learn to create anonymous PL/SQL blocks, to create procedures, functions and triggers. Students will learn to use explicit cursors in their program blocks. Demonstrations and hands-on practice reinforce the fundamental concepts. Students use Oracle SQL Developer to develop these program units. SQL*Plus is introduced as optional tools.

Related Training

Required Prerequisites

Familiarity with data processing concepts and technique

Familiarity with programming languages

Oracle Database 12c: Introduction for Experienced SQL Users

Suggested Prerequisites Familiarity with data processing concepts and techniques

Familiarity with programming languages

Course Objectives

Design PL/SQL anonymous block that execute efficiently

Use PL/SQL programming constructs and conditionally control code flow (loops

control structures

and explicit cursors)

Handle exceptions in the program units

Create and execute simple stored procedures and functions

Write PL/SQL code to interface with the database

Describe the features and syntax of PL/SQL

Course Topics

Introduction

Course Objectives, Course Agenda and Class Account Information The Human Resources (HR) Schema Appendices Used in this Course PL/SQL Development Environments

Introduction to PL/SQL Understanding the benefits and structure of PL/SQL Understanding PL/SQL Blocks Generating output messages in PL/SQL

Declaring PL/SQL Variables

Identifying valid and invalid identifiers Declaring and initializing variables Various data types Identifying the benefits of using the %TYPE attribute Using bind variables

Writing Anonymous PL/SQL blocks Lexical Units in a PL/SQL Block Using SQL Functions in PL/SQL Data Type Conversion Using Nested Blocks as Statements Referencing an Identifier Value in a Nested Block Qualifying an Identifier with a Label Operators in PL/SQL Using Sequences in PL/SQL Expressions

Using SQL Statements within a PL/SQL Block

Using SQL Statements in PL/SQL Retrieving Data in PL/SQL with the SELECT statement Using Naming Conventions in DML Statements and data retrieval Manipulating Data on the Server Using PL/SQL SQL Cursors Using SQL Cursor Attributes to Obtain Feedback on DML Saving and Discarding Transactions

Writing Control Structures

Controlling PL/SQL Flow of Execution Using IF and CASE Statements for conditional processing Handling Nulls Building Boolean Conditions with Logical Operators Using Iterative Control with Loop Statements

Working with Composite Data Types

Composite Data Types of PL/SQL Records and Tables Using PL/SQL Records Inserting and Updating PL/SQL Records Using INDEX BY Tables Using Associative arrays Declaring and Using VArrays

Using Explicit Cursors

Cursors Explicit Cursor Operations Controlling Explicit Cursors Using Explicit Cursors to Process Rows Cursors and Records Cursor FOR Loops Using Subqueries Explicit Cursor Attributes %NOTFOUND and %ROWCOUNT Attributes

Handling Exceptions

Concept of Exception Handling Exceptions with PL/SQL Predefined Exceptions Trapping Predefined and Non-predefined Oracle Server Errors Functions that Return Information on Exceptions Usage of PRAGMA keyword Trapping User-Defined Exceptions Propagating Exceptions

Creating Stored Procedures and Functions

Overview of Stored Procedures and Functions Differentiating between anonymous blocks and subprograms CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE | FUNCTION Understanding the Header Area of a Stored Procedure and Function Creating Simple Procedures and Functions Creating a Simple Procedure with an IN Parameter Executing a Procedure and a Function