# Oracle Database 12c R2: Program with PL/SQL Ed 2

Duration: 5 Days

#### What you will learn

This Oracle Database: Program with PL/SQL training starts with an introduction to PL/SQL and then explores the benefits of this powerful programming language. Through hands-on instruction from expert Oracle instructors, you'll learn to develop stored procedures, functions, packages and more.

Learn To:

Conditionally control code flow (loops, control structures).

Create stored procedures and functions.

Use PL/SQL packages to group and contain related constructs.

Create triggers to solve business challenges. Use some of the Oracle supplied PL/SQL packages to generate screen output and file output.

Create custom packages for applications.

Write Dynamic SQL code for applications.

#### Benefits to You

Ensure fast, reliable, secure and easy to manage performance. Optimize database workloads, lower IT costs and deliver a higher quality of service by enabling consolidation onto database clouds.

#### Use Oracle SQL Developer

You will use Oracle SQL Developer to develop these program units. SQL\*Plus is introduced in this course as optional tools.

Course Bundle Note: This course is a combination of Oracle Database: PL/SQL Fundamentals and Oracle Database: Develop PL/SQL Program Units courses.

**Related Training** 

Required Prerequisites Oracle Database: Introduction to SQL

Oracle Database 12c R2: SQL Workshop

Oracle Database 12c R2: SQL Workshop II Ed 2

### Suggested Prerequisites Previous programming experience

Use conditional compilation to customize the functionality in a PL/SQL application without removing any source code

Design PL/SQL packages to group related constructs

Create overloaded package subprograms for more flexibility

Design PL/SQL anonymous blocks that execute efficiently

Use the Oracle supplied PL/SQL packages to generate screen output

file output and mail output

Write dynamic SQL for more coding flexibility

Describe the features and syntax of PL/SQL

Create and debug stored procedures and functions

Use PL/SQL programming constructs and conditionally control code flow (loops

control structures

and explicit cursors)

Manage dependencies between PL/SQL subprograms

Handle runtime errors

Create triggers to solve business challenges

#### **Course Topics**

#### Introduction

Course Objectives Course Agenda Describe the Human Resources (HR) Schema PL/SQL development environments available in this course Introduction to SQL Developer

# Working with Oracle Cloud Exadata Express Cloud Service

Introduction to Oracle Database Exadata Express Cloud Service Accessing Cloud Database using SQL Workshop Connecting to Exadata Express using Database Clients

## Introduction to PL/SQL

Overview of PL/SQL Identify the benefits of PL/SQL Subprograms Overview of the types of PL/SQL blocks Create a Simple Anonymous Block How to generate output from a PL/SQL Block?

### **Declare PL/SQL Variables**

List the different Types of Identifiers in a PL/SQL subprogram Usage of the Declarative Section to Define Identifiers Use variables to store data Identify Scalar Data Types The %TYPE Attribute What are Bind Variables? Sequences in PL/SQL Expressions

# Write Anonymous PL/SQL Blocks

Describe Basic PL/SQL Block Syntax Guidelines Learn to Comment the Code Deployment of SQL Functions in PL/SQL How to convert Data Types? Describe Nested Blocks Identify the Operators in PL/SQL

# SQL Statements in a PL/SQL block

Invoke SELECT Statements in PL/SQL Retrieve Data in PL/SQL SQL Cursor concept Avoid Errors by using Naming Conventions when using Retrieval and DML Statements Data Manipulation in the Server using PL/SQL Understand the SQL Cursor concept Use SQL Cursor Attributes to Obtain Feedback on DML Save and Discard Transactions

#### **Control Structures**

Conditional processing using IF Statements Conditional processing using CASE Statements Describe simple Loop Statement Describe While Loop Statement Describe For Loop Statement Use the Continue Statement

### **Composite Data Types**

Use PL/SQL Records The %ROWTYPE Attribute Insert and Update with PL/SQL Records INDEX BY Tables Examine INDEX BY Table Methods Use INDEX BY Table of Records

### **Explicit Cursors**

What are Explicit Cursors? Declare the Cursor Open the Cursor Fetch data from the Cursor Close the Cursor Cursor FOR loop The %NOTFOUND and %ROWCOUNT Attributes Describe the FOR UPDATE Clause and WHERE CURRENT Clause

### **Exception Handling**

Understand Exceptions Handle Exceptions with PL/SQL Trap Predefined Oracle Server Errors Trap Non-Predefined Oracle Server Errors Trap User-Defined Exceptions Propagate Exceptions RAISE APPLICATION ERROR Procedure

#### **Stored Procedures**

Create a Modularized and Layered Subprogram Design Modularize Development With PL/SQL Blocks Understand the PL/SQL Execution Environment List the benefits of using PL/SQL Subprograms List the differences between Anonymous Blocks and Subprograms Create, Call, and Remove Stored Procedures Implement Procedures Parameters and Parameters Modes View Procedure Information

#### **Stored Functions**

Create, Call, and Remove a Stored Function Identify the advantages of using Stored Functions Identify the steps to create a stored function Invoke User-Defined Functions in SQL Statements Restrictions when calling Functions Control side effects when calling Functions View Functions Information

# Debugging Subprograms

How to debug Functions and Procedures?

## Debugging through SQL Developer

### Packages

Listing the advantages of Packages Describe Packages What are the components of a Package? Develop a Package How to enable visibility of a Packages Components? Create the Package Specification and Body using the SQL CREATE Statement and SQL Developer Invoke the Package Constructs View the PL/SQL Source Code using the Data Dictionary

# **Deploying Packages**

Overloading Subprograms in PL/SQL Use the STANDARD Package Use Forward Declarations to solve Illegal Procedure Reference Implement Package Functions in SQL and Restrictions Persistent State of Packages Persistent State of a Package Cursor Control side effects of PL/SQL Subprograms Invoke PL/SQL Tables of Records in Packages

# Implement Oracle-Supplied Packages in Application Development

What are Oracle-Supplied Packages? Examples of some of the Oracle-Supplied Packages How does the DBMS\_OUTPUT Package work? Use the UTL\_FILE Package to Interact with Operating System Files Invoke the UTL\_MAIL Package Write UTL\_MAIL Subprograms

# **Dynamic SQL**

The Execution Flow of SQL What is Dynamic SQL? Declare Cursor Variables Dynamically Executing a PL/SQL Block Configure Native Dynamic SQL to Compile PL/SQL Code How to invoke DBMS\_SQL Package? Implement DBMS\_SQL with a Parameterized DML Statement Dynamic SQL Functional Completeness

# Design Considerations for PL/SQL Code

Standardize Constants and Exceptions Understand Local Subprograms Write Autonomous Transactions Implement the NOCOPY Compiler Hint Invoke the PARALLEL\_ENABLE Hint The Cross-Session PL/SQL Function Result Cache The DETERMINISTIC Clause with Functions Usage of Bulk Binding to Improve Performance

# Triggers

**Describe Triggers** 

Identify the Trigger Event Types and Body Business Application Scenarios for Implementing Triggers Create DML Triggers using the CREATE TRIGGER Statement and SQL Developer Identify the Trigger Event Types, Body, and Firing (Timing) Differences between Statement Level Triggers and Row Level Triggers Create Instead of and Disabled Triggers How to Manage, Test and Remove Triggers?

# Creating Compound, DDL, and Event Database Triggers

What are Compound Triggers? Identify the Timing-Point Sections of a Table Compound Trigger Understand the Compound Trigger Structure for Tables and Views Implement a Compound Trigger to Resolve the Mutating Table Error Comparison of Database Triggers to Stored Procedures Create Triggers on DDL Statements Create Database-Event and System-Events Triggers System Privileges Required to Manage Triggers

### **PL/SQL** Compiler

What is the PL/SQL Compiler?
Describe the Initialization Parameters for PL/SQL Compilation
List the new PL/SQL Compile Time Warnings
Overview of PL/SQL Compile Time Warnings for Subprograms
List the benefits of Compiler Warnings
List the PL/SQL Compile Time Warning Messages Categories
Setting the Warning Messages Levels: Using SQL Developer, PLSQL\_WARNINGS Initialization Parameter, and the DBN
View Compiler Warnings: Using SQL Developer, SQL\*Plus, or the Data Dictionary Views

# **Manage Dependencies**

Overview of Schema Object Dependencies Query Direct Object Dependencies using the USER\_DEPENDENCIES View Query an Objects Status Invalidation of Dependent Objects Display the Direct and Indirect Dependencies Fine-Grained Dependency Management in Oracle Database 12c Understand Remote Dependencies Recompile a PL/SQL Program Unit